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| SỞ GIÁO DỤC & ĐÀO TẠO TP. HCM  **TRƯỜNG THPT LƯƠNG VĂN CAN**  **Mã đề: 803** | **ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ 1**  **Môn: TIẾNG ANH 10**  *Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút;*  *(50 câu trắc nghiệm)* |

*(Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu)*

Họ và tên thí sinh:..................................................................... Số báo danh: .............................

**Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others**. (0.6 m)

**Question 1.**

**A.** food **B.** cook **C.** look **D.** book

**Question 2.**

**A.** realized **B.** forced **C.** believed **D.** disabled

**Question 3.**

**A.** radio **B.** information **C.** nation **D.** badminton

**Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others**. (0.4 m)

**Question 4.**

**A.** wonderful **B.** beautiful **C.** interesting **D.** developing

**Question 5.**

**A.** collection **B.** electronic **C.** magazine **D.** entertain

**Identify the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that must be changed for the sentence to be correct.** (1 m)

**Question 6.** Hanoi, that is the capital of our country, is a city of peace.

**A. B. C. D.**

**Question 7.** The girl whom you met last night was used to be a singer.

**A. B. C. D.**

**Question 8.** A new hospital for children has built in our city.

**A. B. C. D.**

**Question 9.** Bob is the kind of person to who one can talk about anything.

**A. B. C. D.**

**Question 10.** Yesterday morning, I talked to the girl whom carhad broken down in front of the shop.

**A. B. C. D.**

**Select the synonym of the following underlined word in each sentence.** (0.4 m)

**Question 11.** We made a **request** for new equipment but it was not heeded.

**A.** question **B.** demand **C.** emergency **D.** decision

**Question 12. Gradually** more children were sent to the class as their parents realized that the young teacher was trying her best to help their poor kids.

**A.** Slowly **B.** Firstly **C.** Weakly **D.** Progressively

**Complete each of the sentences with an appropriate preposition**. (1 m)

**Question 13.** Poverty prevented these children having proper schooling.

**A.** in **B.** from **C.** of **D.** for

**Question 14.** A computer helps you to interact people around the world.

**A.** on **B.** with **C.** to **D.** from

**Question 15.** this occasion, my class is visiting some caves near Hanoi as we have recently studied rock formations.

**A.** During **B.** On **C.** At **D.** In

**Question 16.** The port is capable handing 10 million tons of coal a year.

**A.** in **B.** on **C.** for **D.** of

**Question 17.** We can even learn foreign languages computers.

**A.** off **B.** on **C.** in **D.** from

**Supply the correct form of words.** (1 m)

**Question 18.** He has not developed mentally as much as others at the same age. He’s child.

**A.** mentally restricted **B.** mentally retarded

**C.** mentally ill **D.** mentally alert

**Question 19.** It rained all the time, was a great pity.

**A.** which **B.** what **C.** that **D.** who

**Question 20.** She continued the until the students understand how to do the exercise.

**A.** demonstration **B.** demonstrated **C.** demonstrative **D.** demonstrate

**Question 21.** My friend apologized for the she had caused.

**A.** inconvenience **B.** convenient **C.** convenience **D.** inconvenient

**Question 22.** After the train crash, were taken to the several local hospitals.

**A.** the injured **B.** the poor **C.** the blind **D.** the unemployed

**Put the verbs in correct forms**. (1 m)

**Question 23.** Nobody can pursuade her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her mind.

**A.** change **B.** changing **C.** to change **D.** changed

**Question 24.** This carpet really needs . Can you do it for me, son?

**A.** cleaned **B.** cleaning **C.** clean **D.** being cleaned

**Question 25.** Ann offered\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_after our children while we were out.

**A.** look to **B.** to look **C.** look **D.** looking

**Question 26.** The Principal usually has his pupils waste paper for their mini-project.

**A.** to collect **B.** collect

**C.** having collected **D.** collected

**Question 27.** I clearly remember you about this before.

**A.** telling **B.** tell **C.** to tell **D.** told

**Put the verbs in brackets into correct tenses**. (1 m)

**Question 28.** Claude didn’t in Canada.

**A.** use to live **B.** lived **C.** used to live **D.** used to living

**Question 29.** The students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the topic when the bell rang.

**A.** were discussing **B.** discuss

**C.** are discussing **D.** have discussed

**Question 30.** He for 25 years before he retired last year.

**A.** was teaching **B.** has taught

**C.** has been teaching **D.** had been teaching

**Question 31.** The rich to help the poor.

**A.** are expected **B.** is expecting **C.** is expected **D.** expects

**Question 32.** Recently, the manager a lot of information about his secretary.

**A.** learns **B.** has learned **C.** learned **D.** had learned

**Read the following passage and choose the correct word for each of the blanks.** (1 m)

The Lake District is in the north – west of England and it has more visitors than any other countryside area in Britain. (33) it’s only 50 kilometres along, it has many lakes. You can sail on some of the big lakes or you can walk in the mountains. You don’t need to be a very good walker; however, the weather can (34) become very cold and wet, so it’s important to wear strong boots and (35) clothes. Wordsworth is its most famous poet but many other well – known writers and artists lived there. There are cheap hotels to stay in or you can go camping. If you go to England, try to visit the Lake District. You won’t be (36) . It often rains there but the (37) are always beautiful.

**Question 33.**

**A.** Because **B.** Although **C.** However **D.** But

**Question 34.**

**A.** already **B.** yet **C.** suddenly **D.** rarely

**Question 35.**

**A.** light **B.** hot **C.** warm **D.** thin

**Question 36.**

**A.** disappoint **B.** disappointment **C.** disappointed **D.** disappointing

**Question 37.**

**A.** scenery **B.** countryside **C.** pictures **D.** views

**Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer to each of the following questions:** (1 m)

The first school for blind, deaf and mute children in the Tibet Autonomous Region celebrated its first anniversary on Friday. The school is built in the eastern suburb of Lhasa, capital of Tibet, and is designed to hold 200 students covers 20,000 square meters.

The school curriculum includes Braille and sign language-training, Tibetan, mathematics, writing, ethics training, physical education, arts, handicrafts, speech and walking courses. At the celebration, the audience was touched by a silent song expressed by the students with sign language. Baiba Toinzhub, a 10-year-old blind child, can speak fluent Chinese and is good at singing and dancing. He told the visitors that life in the boarding school was comfortable.

**Answer the following questions.**

**Question 38.** What type of students attend the school?

**A.** Children who live in the Tibet Autonomous Region.

**B.** Children who cannot see, hear, or speak.

**C.** Children with a variety of disabilities.

**D.** Children who are visually impaired.

**Question 39.** The school is located in \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** the suburb of the capital of Tibet.

**B.** the capital of Tibet.

**C.** 20,000 square meters.

**D.** the eastern of Tibet.

**Question 40.** The school is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**A.** able to hold 200 students **B.** A and C are correct

**C.** the first boarding school **D.** 20.000 square meters in area

**Question 41.** Which subject is taught in the school?

**A.** Physics **B.** Braille

**C.** Foreign languages **D.** Computers

**Question 42.** Which of the following is not true?

**A.** Tibet's first deaf-mute school celebrated its first birthday.

**B.** Life in the boarding school is comfortable.

**C.** Baiba Toinzhub can sing and dance very well.

**D.** The visitors were welcomed with a beautiful song.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.** (1,6 ms)

**Question 43.** I have received your letters.

**A.** Your letters have been received. **B.** Your letters have received.

**C.** Your letters have been receive. **D.** Your letters has been received.

**Question 44.** Although he was seriously ill, he was determined to finish his work.

**A.** In spite of his serious illness, he was determined to finish his work.

**B.** In spite of the serious ill, he was determined to finish his work.

**C.** In spite of he was ill seriously, he was determined to finish his work.

**D.** In spite of be ill seriously, he was determined to finish his work.

**Question 45.** Paul and Mary no longer meet each other on Saturdays.

**A.** Paul and Mary used to no longer meet each other on Saturdays.

**B.** Paul and Mary didn’t used to meet each other on Saturdays.

**C.** Paul and Mary used to meet each other on Saturdays.

**D.** Paul and Mary are used to meeting each other on Saturdays.

**Question 46.** The church is over 500 years old. Our class visited it last summer*.*

**A.** The church our class visit last summer is over 500 years old.

**B.** The church which our class visited it last summer is over 500 years old.

**C.** The church that our class visited it last summer is over 500 years old.

**D.** The church which our class visited last summer is over 500 years old.

**Question 47.** No one has used this computer for a long time.

**A.** This computer has not been used for a long time.

**B.** This computer has been used for a long time.

**C.** This computer was not used for a long time ago.

**D.** This computer has not used for a long time.

**Question 48.** She was so busy that she couldn’t answer the phone.

**A.** She could answer the phone because of the fact that she was very busy.

**B.** Although she was very busy, she could answer the phone.

**C.** In spite of being very busy, she could answer the phone.

**D.** Because she was very busy, she couldn’t answer the phone.

**Question 49.** They had finished their tea and then they left.

**A.** After they had finished their tea, they left.

**B.** They finished their tea after they had left.

**C.** After they had left, they finished their tea.

**D.** They had left before they finished their tea.

**Question 50.** He hasn’t smoked a cigarette for a week.

**A.** It is a week ago that he smoked a cigarette.

**B.** It is a week since he last smoked a cigarette.

**C.** It is for a week that he hasn’t smoked a cigarette.

**D.** It is a cigarette that he smoked a week ago.

**------ *THE END* ------**